

# Answer Key

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## Lesson 9 It's a Crime

### Pages 27-28

#### Exercise 1

- |      |      |       |       |
|------|------|-------|-------|
| 1. C | 5. D | 9. B  | 13. D |
| 2. G | 6. G | 10. H | 14. H |
| 3. C | 7. B | 11. A | 15. B |
| 4. J | 8. F | 12. G |       |

#### Exercise 2

16. G A *culprit* is responsible for a *crime*; a *chef* is responsible for a *dinner*.
17. D *Acquit* is an antonym of *convict*; *lose* is an antonym of *gain*.
18. H A *client* uses a *lawyer's* services; a *patient* uses a *doctor's* services.
19. B *Illegitimate* is a synonym of *illegal*; *proper* is a synonym of *correct*.
20. F *Preliminary* is a synonym of *introductory*; *demanding* is a synonym of *insistent*.

# It's a Crime

## Vocabulary

All the words in this lesson may be used in the field of law.

**abrogate** (AB ruh GAYT) V. to do away with; to abolish (*The governments of both countries voted to abrogate the trade agreement.*)

**accomplice** (uh KAHM plis) N. person who helps another in committing a crime (*The police felt the burglar must have had an accomplice.*)

**acquit** (uh KWIT) V. to declare a person not guilty after considering the evidence (*The jury is sure to acquit you with Perry Mason as your lawyer.*)

**alias** (AY lee uhs) N. assumed name used to hide a person's real identity (*The forger had used at least one alias during his life of crime.*)

**client** (KLY uhnt) N. person or organization for whom a lawyer or other professional acts (*After hearing my story, the lawyer agreed to take me on as a client.*)

**confront** (kuhn FRUHNT) V. to meet face-to-face (*During the trial, my attorney will confront the accused with evidence I have furnished.*)

**conspiracy** (kuhn SPEER uh see) N. a plot to do something unlawful or wrong (*All three defendants were found guilty of conspiracy to cheat the company.*)

**convoke** (kuhn VOHK) V. to call together; to summon to a meeting (*The judge plans to convoke a meeting of all the trial lawyers in his chambers tomorrow morning.*)

**counsel** (KOWN suhl) N. advice or guidance especially as sought from a knowledgeable person (*During your trial, you would do well to heed your lawyer's counsel.*)

**culprit** (KUHL prit) N. offender; person accused of or guilty of a crime (*The police apprehended the culprit as he tried to escape in a stolen car.*)

**dupe** (doop) N. person easily deceived; one who has been cheated or tricked (*The defense lawyer maintained that his client was an innocent dupe.*)

**enact** (en AKT) V. to make into law (*Only the legislature can enact new laws.*)

**illegitimate** (il i JIT uh mit) ADJ. not according to the law; unlawful (*Blackmailers obtain money through illegitimate means.*)

**incriminate** (in KRIM uh NAYT) V. to charge with or show involvement in a crime (*The lawyer advised his client not to say anything that might incriminate her.*)

**infraction** (in FRAK shuhn) N. violation; the act of breaking the law (*The courts cannot allow such an infraction of our laws to go unpunished.*)

**obstruct** (uhb STRUHKT) V. to hinder; to impede; to block the course of (*If you withhold evidence, you can be charged with trying to obstruct justice.*)

**preliminary** (pri LIM uh NER ee) ADJ. preparatory; coming before the main business (*At the preliminary hearing, the judge will decide if there is enough evidence for a trial.*)

**provision** (pruh VIZH uhn) N. a stipulation or condition (*Aunt Vera left me all her money, with the provision that a portion be spent on education.*)

**refute** (ri FYOOT) V. to disprove; to show that a claim or argument is false (*The lawyer planned to refute the charge of larceny with which his client was charged.*)

**repeal** (ri PEEL) V. to do away with; to annul; to withdraw (*Congress voted to repeal Prohibition in 1933.*)

### Exercise 1

Choose the letter of the word that best completes the sentence.

1. As driver of the getaway car, Al was charged as a(n) ---- in the robbery.  
**A.** client      **B.** dupe      **C.** accomplice      **D.** alias
2. In some countries, even a minor ---- of the law carries a stiff penalty.  
**F.** culprit      **G.** infraction      **H.** counsel      **J.** provision
3. The defense attorney has enough evidence to ---- the prosecutor's accusation.  
**A.** abrogate      **B.** acquit      **C.** refute      **D.** enact
4. We will ---- the concerned parties and attempt to reach a settlement.  
**F.** obstruct      **G.** repeal      **H.** acquit      **J.** convoke
5. If you are in doubt about tax laws, it is best to get ---- from a tax attorney.  
**A.** client      **B.** accomplice      **C.** culprit      **D.** counsel
6. The elderly man was a(n) ---- in the criminal's scheme.  
**F.** alias      **G.** dupe      **H.** client      **J.** culprit
7. The defendant's sworn confession was used to ---- two other thieves.  
**A.** confront      **B.** incriminate      **C.** obstruct      **D.** enact
8. The men were involved in a(n) ---- to overthrow the country's leader.  
**F.** conspiracy      **G.** accomplice      **H.** infraction      **J.** provision
9. Dan was charged with attempting to ---- justice in the case.  
**A.** incriminate      **B.** obstruct      **C.** enact      **D.** refute
10. The citizen's group is working to ---- what they consider to be unjust laws.  
**F.** confront      **G.** incriminate      **H.** repeal      **J.** acquit
11. The parents' wills made ample ---- for their children's education.  
**A.** provision      **B.** infraction      **C.** counsel      **D.** conspiracy
12. The Supreme Court can ---- a decision made by a lower court.  
**F.** acquit      **G.** abrogate      **H.** convoke      **J.** incriminate
13. Smilin' Sam used his ---- to hide from the police in a dozen states.  
**A.** client      **B.** counsel      **C.** culprit      **D.** alias
14. Jessie did not want to ---- the suspect in the courtroom.  
**F.** obstruct      **G.** enact      **H.** confront      **J.** refute
15. We will ---- the new antismoking laws at the beginning of the year.  
**A.** confront      **B.** enact      **C.** acquit      **D.** incriminate

### Exercise 2

Choose the letter of the word pair that has a relationship similar to the relationship in the first word pair.

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|--|--|--|
| <p>16. CULPRIT : CRIME ::<br/> <b>F.</b> author : artist<br/> <b>G.</b> chef : dinner<br/> <b>H.</b> bus : driver<br/> <b>J.</b> child : teacher</p> | <p>18. CLIENT : LAWYER ::<br/> <b>F.</b> teacher : principal<br/> <b>G.</b> lawyer : judge<br/> <b>H.</b> patient : doctor<br/> <b>J.</b> infant : parent</p>  | <p>20. PRELIMINARY : INTRODUCTORY ::<br/> <b>F.</b> demanding : insistent<br/> <b>G.</b> sweet : sour<br/> <b>H.</b> old : tired<br/> <b>J.</b> ready : unprepared</p> |
| <p>17. ACQUIT : CONVICT ::<br/> <b>A.</b> give : donate<br/> <b>B.</b> weep : sob<br/> <b>C.</b> argue : fight<br/> <b>D.</b> lose : gain</p>        | <p>19. ILLEGITIMATE : ILLEGAL ::<br/> <b>A.</b> black : white<br/> <b>B.</b> proper : correct<br/> <b>C.</b> less : least<br/> <b>D.</b> tired : refreshed</p> |  |

### Vocabulary

#### Exercise 1

- 1 (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 2 (F) (G) (H) (J)
- 3 (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 4 (F) (G) (H) (J)
- 5 (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 6 (F) (G) (H) (J)
- 7 (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 8 (F) (G) (H) (J)
- 9 (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 10 (F) (G) (H) (J)
- 11 (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 12 (F) (G) (H) (J)
- 13 (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 14 (F) (G) (H) (J)
- 15 (A) (B) (C) (D)

#### Exercise 2

- 16 (F) (G) (H) (J)
- 17 (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 18 (F) (G) (H) (J)
- 19 (A) (B) (C) (D)
- 20 (F) (G) (H) (J)